

SOLIDARITAS SOSIAL PETANI CENGKEH DI DESA BELAKANG GUNUNG KECAMATAN BUNGURAN UTARA KABUPATEN NATUNA

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ABSTRAK

Solidaritas sosial merupakan salah satu hal yang harus diwujudkan dalam kehidupan bermasyarakat. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menganalisis solidaritas sosial petani cengkeh di Desa Belakang Gunung Kecamatan Bunguran Utara Kabupaten Natuna. Penelitian ini termasuk dalam penelitian kualitatif dengan pendekatan deskriptif. Penelitian ini dilakukan di Desa Belakang Gunung, Kecamatan Bunguran Utara, Kabupaten Natuna. Subjek dalam penelitian ini adalah kelompok petani cengkeh. Teknik pengumpulan data yang dilakukan dalam penelitian ini yaitu melalui wawancara dan dokumentasi. Wawancara dilakukan terkait kegiatan petani cengkeh dan dokumentasi diperoleh untuk menggambarkan kegiatan yang telah dilakukan oleh para petani. Teknik analisis data penelitian dilakukan melalui proses reduksi data, penyajian data, penarikan kesimpulan. Hasil penelitian diperoleh solidaritas yang dilakukan oleh petani cengkeh Desa Belakang Gunung menurut Teori Emil Durkheim termasuk dalam bentuk solidaritas Mekanik. Hal ini dapat dilihat dari bentuk-bentuk kegiatan solidaritas yang dilakukan oleh petani cengkeh yang melakukan kegiatan secara bersama-sama dan berorientasi pada kepentingan kelompok. Hasil penelitian lapangan menegaskan bahwa solidaritas yang terbentuk pada petani cengkeh di Desa Belakang Gunung yaitu gotong royong, kerjasama, dan sikap peduli sosial. Maka dapat dinyatakan bahwa solidaritas petani cengkeh di Desa Belakang Gunung masih tergolong tinggi.

Kata Kunci : Solidaritas, Petani Cengkeh, Desa Belakang Gunung.

***SOCIAL SOLIDARITY OF CLOVE FARMERS IN BELAKANG GUNUNG
VILLAGE, BUNGURAN UTARA DISTRICT, NATUNA REGENCY***

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ABSTRACT

Social solidarity is one of the things that must be realized in community life. This study aims to analyze the social solidarity of clove farmers in Belakang Gunung Village, Bunguran Utara District, Natuna Regency. This research is included in qualitative research with a descriptive approach. This research was conducted in Belakang Gunung Village, Bunguran Utara District, Natuna Regency. The subjects in this study were clove farmer groups. Data collection techniques used in this study were through interviews and documentation. Interviews were conducted regarding the activities of clove farmers and documentation was obtained to describe the activities that had been carried out by the farmers. The research data analysis technique was carried out through the process of data reduction, data presentation, and drawing conclusions. The results of the study showed that the solidarity carried out by clove farmers in Belakang Gunung Village according to Emil Durkheim's Theory is included in the form of Mechanical solidarity. This can be seen from the forms of solidarity activities carried out by clove farmers who carry out activities together and are oriented towards group interests. The results of the field research confirmed that the solidarity formed among clove farmers in Belakang Gunung Village is mutual cooperation, cooperation, and social care. So it can be stated that the solidarity of clove farmers in Belakang Gunung Village is still relatively high.

Keywords : Solidarity, Clove Farmers, Belakang Gunung Village.