

**EVALUASI PROGRAM BANTUAN SOSIAL TUNAI KEMENTERIAN
SOSIAL REPUBLIK INDONESIA DIMASA COVID-19 PADA
KELURAHAN TANJUNG AYUN SAKTI KOTA TANJUNGPINANG**

**Oleh
Marinus Sudarsono
NIM : 150565201056**

ABSTRAK

Bantuan sosial adalah pemberian bantuan berupa uang/barang dari pemerintah daerah kepada individu, keluarga, kelompok dan/atau masyarakat yang sifatnya tidak secara terus menerus dan selektif yang bertujuan untuk melindungi dari kemungkinan terjadinya resiko sosial. Jika dilihat dari data maka diketahui bahwa Kecamatan Bukit Bestari merupakan kecamatan terbanyak yang mendapatkan bantuan yaitu sebanyak 574 namun untuk Tanjung Ayun Sakti yang disalurkan hanya 50 orang. Metode penelitian dalam penelitian ini adalah deskriptif kualitatif. Jenis penelitian ini bersifat deskriptif kualitatif, dalam penelitian deskriptif kualitatif ini peneliti akan memberikan gambaran sistematis, faktual dan akurat mengenai fakta-fakta sesuai ruang lingkup penelitian. Berdasarkan hasil penelitian maka dapat diambil kesimpulan program Bantuan Sosial Tunai Kementerian Sosial RI Dimasa Covid-19 Pada Kelurahan Tanjung Ayun Sakti Kota Tanjungpinang sudah berjalan, meskipun masih ada beberapa permasalahan, hal ini dikarenakan sudah banyak yang merasakan mendapatkan program dari pemerintah tersebut, meskipun masih ada permasalahan yaitu, dari pendataan, RT, RW maupun masyarakat yang tidak mampu melakukan pendataan dengan baik, masyarakat juga kadang tidak jujur dengan keadaan sebenarnya, tidak hanya itu jika memang tidak mendapatkan dan ia berhak masyarakat masih enggan untuk melapor.

Kata Kunci : Bantuan Sosial Tunai, Covid 19

**EVALUATION OF THE CASH SOCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM OF THE
MINISTRY OF SOCIAL AFFAIRS OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA IN
THE TIME OF COVID-19 IN TANJUNG AYUN SAKTI SHARE,
TANJUNGPINANG CITY**

By
Marinus Sudarsono
NIM : 150565201056

ABSTRACT

Social assistance is the provision of assistance in the form of money/goods from the local government to individuals, families, groups and/or communities that are not continuous and selective in nature with the aim of protecting against possible social risks. The Tanjungpinang City Social Welfare Integrated Data (DTKS) according to the Minister of Social Affairs Decree No.19/HUK/2020 as many as 11,051 families. If seen from the data, it is known that Bukit Bestari Sub-district is the sub-district that received the most assistance, namely 574 people, but for Tanjung Ayun Sakti only 50 people were distributed. The research method in this research is descriptive qualitative. This type of research is descriptive qualitative, in this descriptive qualitative research the researcher will provide a systematic, factual and accurate description of the facts according to the scope of the research. Based on the results of the study, it can be concluded that the Indonesian Ministry of Social Affairs Cash Social Assistance program during the Covid-19 period in Tanjung Ayun Sakti Village, Tanjungpinang City has been running, although there are still some problems, this is because many have felt that they have received the program from the government, although there are still some The problem is, from data collection, RT, RW and people who are not able to collect data properly, people are also sometimes dishonest with the actual situation, not only that if they don't get it and they have the right, people are still reluctant to report.

Keywords: Cash Social Assistance, Covid 19