

**KONDISI MASYARAKAT BERISIKO DI SEKITAR USAHA PETERNAKAN  
SAPI KAMPUNG SIDOMULYO KM. 13 KOTA TANJUNGPINANG**

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**ABSTRAK**

Usaha peternakan sapi di Kampung Sidomulyo dikelola dengan 2 cara yaitu ternak yang dipelihara hingga dewasa dan pemotongan daging hewan ternak. Dalam mendirikan suatu usaha peternakan harus melihat aturan-aturan yang berlaku dan dampak yang akan timbul dimasyarakat, peneliti melihat adanya indikasi risiko seperti risiko lingkungan, sosial, kesehatan bahkan ekonomi. Masalah dari penelitian ini adalah bagaimana kondisi masyarakat berisiko di sekitar usaha peternakan sapi kampung sidomulyo KM. 13 Kota Tanjungpinang. maka tujuan yang ingin dicapai dari penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui, mendeskripsikan dan menganalisis tentang kondisi masyarakat berisiko dengan adanya peternakan sapi di Kampung Sidomulyo KM. 13 Kota Tanjungpinang berdasarkan 4 konsep *risk society* yang dijelaskan oleh Ulrich beck.

Jenis penelitian ini adalah penelitian kualitatif, dengan Lokasi Penelitian di Kampung Sidomulyo KM. 13 Kota Tanjungpinang. Penentuan informan secara purposive sampling yaitu sampel yang dipilih secara sengaja dengan pertimbangan bahwa informan yang dipilih dianggap mampu memberikan informasi yang dibutuhkan. Metode pengumpulan data adalah dengan observasi, wawancara, dokumentasi. Metode analisis data menggunakan tiga tahap yaitu, reduksi data, penyajian data dan penarikan kesimpulan/verifikasi.

Hasil Penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa adanya dampak negatif dan dampak positif yang timbul dimasyarakat Kampung Sidomulyo seperti dampak *ecological risk* yaitu adanya usaha peternakan sapi yang dibangun disekitar pemukiman sangat membuat warga merasa tidak nyaman dengan bau yang ditimbulkan. Bau tersebut dapat menyebabkan polusi udara sehingga merusak lingkungan. Kerusakan lingkungan yang terjadi disekitar usaha peternakan ayam menyebabkan masyarakat menjadi kurang nyaman. *Social risk* yaitu adanya pro dan kontra atas pembangunan peternakan dan dampak dari peternakan tersebut. *Health risk* yaitu terganggunya kesehatan masyarakat sekitar seperti penciuman yang berkurang rasa penciuman dan gangguan pencernaan akibat konsumsi air yang terkontaminasi pencemaran air tanah. Serta dampak *economical risk* memiliki dampak positif terhadap masyarakat pemilik

peternakan maupun masyarakat sekitar peternakan. Dampak positif ini, berpengaruh terhadap perubahan sosial ekonomi masyarakat di Kampung Sidomulyo KM. 13 Kota Tanjungpinang.

Kesimpulan dari penelitian ini adalah dari berbagai risiko-risiko yang dihadapi oleh masyarakat Kampung Sidomulyo KM. 13 adapun dampak yang terjadi dimasyarakat yaitu dampak negatif yaitu *ecological risk, social risk, helath risk* sedangkan dampak positif yaitu *economical risk*.

**Kata Kunci:** Peternakan, Masyarakat, Risiko



**COMMUNITY CONDITIONS ARE AT RISK AROUND THE COW FRAUD  
BUSINESS IN KAMPUNG SIDOMULYO KM. 13 TANJUNGPINANG CITY**

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**ABSTRACT**

*The cattle breeding business in Sidomulyo Village is managed in 2 ways, namely cattle that are raised to maturity and slaughter of livestock meat. In establishing a livestock business, one must look at the applicable rules and the impacts that will arise in the community, researchers see indications of risks such as environmental, social, health and even economic risks. The problem of this research is how the condition of the community at risk around the cattle farming business in Sidomulyo KM. 13 Tanjungpinang City. the objectives to be achieved from this research are to find out, describe and analyze the condition of the community at risk with the existence of a cattle farm in Kampung Sidomulyo Km. 13 Tanjungpinang City based on the 4 risk society concepts described by Ulrich Beck.*

*This type of research is a qualitative research, with the research location in Kampung Sidomulyo KM. 13 Tanjungpinang City. Determination of informants by purposive sampling is a sample that was chosen deliberately with the consideration that the selected informants are considered capable of providing the required information. The method of data collection is by observation, interviews, documentation. The data analysis method uses three stages, namely, data reduction, data presentation and drawing conclusions/verification.farming business. the life of the community around the cattle farming business. Economic risk conditions in the life of the community around the cattle farming business. Suggestions in this study for the government to provide socialization, solutions and strict sanctions for a livestock business that establishes a business without looking at the aspects that will arise/impact in the community.*

*The results of this study indicate that there are negative impacts and positive impacts that arise in the people of Kampung Sidomulyo, such as the impact of ecological risk, namely the existence of a cattle farming business that is built around*

*the settlement, which makes residents feel uncomfortable with the smell. The smell can cause air pollution and damage the environment. Environmental damage that occurs around the chicken farming business causes people to become less comfortable. Social risk, namely the pros and cons of livestock development and the impact of the livestock. Health risk is the disruption of the health of the surrounding community, such as a reduced sense of smell and digestive disorders due to consumption of water contaminated with groundwater contamination. And the impact of economical risk has a positive impact on the community who owns the farm and the community around the farm. This positive impact affects the socio-economic changes of the people in Village Sidomulyo KM. 13 Tanjungpinang City.*

*The conclusion of this study is from the various risks faced by the people of Kampung Sidomulyo KM. As for the impacts that occur in the community, namely the negative impacts, namely ecological risk, social risk, and health risk, while the positive impact is economical risk.*

**Keyword:** Farm, Risk, Society

